

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830 - Europe

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

**Product name** : Durst WT Food MP Ink - Magenta  
**Product code** : 1605435  
**Trade name** : Magenta  
Durst WT Food MP Ink  
**Date of issue/ Date of revision** : 14 December 2020  
**Version** : 0.07

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	
Colorant; Printing ink related material; Printing ink.	
Uses advised against	Reason
Not applicable.	

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Manufacturer/ Distributor** : DURST Austria GmbH  
Julius-Durst-Strasse 11  
A 9900 Lienz  
Austria

Tel: +43 4852 71777  
Fax: +43 4852 7177750

For Chemical Emergency  
Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident  
Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300  
Outside USA and Canada: +1 703-741-5970

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture

**Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]**

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements

**Signal word** : No signal word.

**Date of issue** : 14 December  
2020

**Page:** 1/12

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

**Hazard statements** : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements**

**Prevention** : Avoid release to the environment.

**Response** : Not applicable.

**Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Supplemental label elements** : Contains reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1), 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and octhiline (ISO); 2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

### 2.3 Other hazards

**Other hazards which do not result in classification** : None known.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Type
3-methoxy-3-methylbutan-1-ol	REACH #: 01-2119976333-33 EC: 260-252-4 CAS: 56539-66-3	5 < 10	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1]
sodium salt of a polyurethanacrylate	CAS: 2085709-11-9	1.0 < 2.5	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1]
Benzene, ethenyl-copolymer with 2, 5-Furandione and Benzene, 1,1'-(1, 1-dimethyl-3-methylene-1,3-propanediyl) bis-,rp. With Oxirane	CAS: Proprietary	0.25 < 1.0	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
octhiline (ISO); 2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	REACH #: 01-2120768921-45 EC: 247-761-7 CAS: 26530-20-1 Index: 613-112-00-5	< 0.01	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	REACH #: 01-2120764690-50 EC: 220-239-6 CAS: 2682-20-4 Index: 613-326-00-9	< 0.0015	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10)	[1]
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	EC: 247-500-7/220-239-6 CAS: 55965-84-9 Index: 613-167-00-5	< 0.0015	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 2, H310 Acute Tox. 2, H330	[1]

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

			Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=100) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=100) EUH071 <b>See Section 16 for the          full text of the H          statements declared          above.</b>
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There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern
- [6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

- General** : In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with room temperature water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. In case of accidental eye contact, avoid concurrent exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light which may increase the sensitivity of the eyes.
- Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
- Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
- Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to medical doctor** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

- : Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- : Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

**6.4 Reference to other sections** : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.  
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

**7.1 Precautions for safe handling** : Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.  
In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.  
To dissipate static electricity during transfer, earth drum and connect to receiving container with bonding strap. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.  
Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.  
Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.  
Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).  
Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.  
Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.  
Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

**7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store between the following temperatures: 5 - 35 °C  
Store in accordance with local regulations.

### **Notes on joint storage**

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

### **Additional information on storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking.  
Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

**Recommendations** : Not available.

**Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limit value known.

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

(Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### DNELs

Product/ ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
No DNELs/DMELs available.					

### PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
No PNECs available				

### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing.

**Eye/face protection** : Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids. Use eye protection according to EN 166.

### **Skin protection**

**Hand protection** : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

**Gloves** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

**Body protection** : Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high-temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.

**Respiratory protection** : If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators.

**Environmental exposure controls** : Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<b>Physical state</b>	: Liquid.
<b>Colour</b>	: Red.
<b>Odour</b>	: Characteristic.
<b>Odour threshold</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Melting point/freezing point</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Flash point</b>	: 60 to 93.3°C
<b>VOC</b>	: 15%
<b>pH</b>	: Not tested
<b>Explosion limits</b>	: Lower: 1.2% Upper: 12.6%
<b>Boiling point</b>	: Lowest known value: 100°C (212°F)
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	: Highest known value: <1 (water) Weighted average: 0.79 compared with butyl acetate
<b>Vapour pressure</b>	: 3.2 kPa (23.8 mm Hg)
<b>Vapour density</b>	: Not tested
<b>Relative density</b>	: Not tested
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	: Not tested
<b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Viscosity</b>	: Not tested
<b>Explosive properties</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Oxidising properties</b>	: Not applicable.

### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

<b>10.1 Reactivity</b>	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
<b>10.2 Chemical stability</b>	: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
<b>10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	:
<b>10.4 Conditions to avoid</b>	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
<b>10.5 Incompatible materials</b>	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
<b>10.6 Hazardous decomposition products</b>	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
octhiline (ISO); 2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	690 mg/kg	-
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	LD50 Oral	Rat	550 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	53 mg/kg	-

Not determined - Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

#### Irritation/Corrosion

The product has not been tested.

Not determined - Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

#### Sensitisation

The product has not been tested.

Not determined - Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

#### Mutagenicity

The product has not been tested.

Not determined - Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

#### Carcinogenicity

The product has not been tested.

Not determined - Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

#### Reproductive toxicity

The product has not been tested.

Not determined - Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

#### Teratogenicity

The product has not been tested.

Not determined - Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not determined - Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not determined - Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]



## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Aspiration hazard

Not determined - Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

There are no data available on the mixture itself.  
Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one  reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	Acute EC50 0.18 to 0.19 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - <24 hours	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.056 to 0.084 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - Acartia tonsa	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.07 to 0.09 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	EC50 3.23 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	EC50 6.67 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	EC50 14.6 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Not available.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

The product has not been tested.

Not available.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	-0.71 to 0.75	-	low

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

**Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)** : Not available.

**Mobility** : Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

**PBT** : Not applicable.

**vPvB** : Not applicable.

**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**SECTION 12: Ecological information****SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned.

For further information, contact your local waste authority.

**13.1 Waste treatment methods****Product**

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**Packaging**

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**European Waste Catalogue (EWC):** : 08 03 13 waste ink other than those mentioned in 08 03 12

**Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

**SECTION 14: Transport information**

	<b>ADR/RID</b>	<b>ADN</b>	<b>IMDG</b>	<b>IATA</b>
<b>14.1 UN number</b>	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
<b>14.2 UN proper shipping name</b>	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
<b>14.3 Transport hazard class(es)</b>	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
<b>14.4 Packing group</b>	-	-	-	-
<b>14.5 Environmental hazards</b>	No.	No.	No.	No.
<b>Additional information</b>	-	The product is only regulated as a dangerous good when transported in tank vessels.	-	-

**14.6 Special precautions for user** **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code : Not available.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture  
EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles** : Not applicable.

Other EU regulations

**Industrial use**

: The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment : No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

## SECTION 16: Other information

CEPE code : 1

☑ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Abbreviations and acronyms** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
 CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]  
 DNEL = Derived No Effect Level  
 EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement  
 PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration  
 RRN = REACH Registration Number

**Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]**

Classification	Justification
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

**SECTION 16: Other information**

<b>Full text of abbreviated H statements</b>	: H301 Toxic if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H310 Fatal in contact with skin. H311 Toxic in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H330 Fatal if inhaled. H331 Toxic if inhaled. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
<b>Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]</b>	: Acute Tox. 2, H310 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 2 Acute Tox. 2, H330 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2 Acute Tox. 3, H301 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3 Acute Tox. 3, H311 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3 Acute Tox. 3, H331 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3 Acute Tox. 4, H302 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1  Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1  Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3  EUH071 Corrosive to the respiratory tract. Eye Dam. 1, H318 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B Skin Corr. 1C, H314 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C Skin Irrit. 2, H315 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 Skin Sens. 1, H317 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
<b>Date of printing</b>	: 19 March 2021
<b>Date of previous issue</b>	: 19 November 2020

**Notice to reader**

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.